





Advantage over original system:

**Documentation:** 

### generator/electronic ignition for <u>NSU 125</u> <u>ZDB</u>

Magnet based generator with integrated solid state ignition Output at 12V/100W DC.

Replaces the <u>stock 6 Volt Noris MLZ</u> <u>dynamo</u>.

No changes on engine casing needed. The system is technically capable of running without battery.

- all parts are new
- more light output
- very stable ignition with solid spark
- better starting, better fuel burning
- no wear anymore on points
- <u>assembly instructions</u>
- wire diagram of the system
- parts in the pack (photo)



- the new rotor on the engine
- the new stator on the engine
- the ready system on the engine
- <u>cover onb as as per original view</u>
- the stock dynamo on the engine



### Assembly instructions for System 78 58 799 00

#### Version 28.10.2015

## If you can install and time a stock ignition and possess basic mechanical skills, you can install a VAPE system! If you never have worked on your ignition, better have it done by someone who

knows.

VAPE can not monitor the compliance to those instructions, nor the conditions and methods of installation, operation, usage and maintenance of the system. Improper installation may result in damage to property and possibly even bodily injury. Therefore we assume no responsibility for loss, damage or cost which result from, or are in any way related to, incorrect installation, improper operation, or incorrect use and maintenance. We reserve the right to make changes to the product, technical data or assembly and operating instructions without prior notice.

# Please read these instructions fully and carefully before starting work on your motorcycle

Please bear in mind that <u>any modification of the material as well</u> <u>as own repair attempts which have not been agreed with VAPE</u> <u>may result in a loss of warranty. Do not cut off wires. This leads to</u> <u>a loss of reverse polarity protection and often results in damage</u> <u>to electronics.</u> Also, please take note of the information provided on the information page for this system. Check that what you have bought really corresponds to the motorcycle you have. Wrong ignition settings may damage your engine and even hurt you during kickstart (violent kickbacks). Be careful during the first test runs. If needed change settings to safer values (less advance). During assembly check carefully that the <u>rotor (flywheel) does not</u> <u>touch the stator coils or anything else</u>, which may happen due to various circumstances and lead to severe damage.



**IMPORTANT:** 

### Designated use

This system is designated to replace stock dynamo/alternator & ignition systems in vintage and classic motorcycles whose engine characteristics have not been modified aftermarket. This system is not a tuning system and it will not bring significant increases in engine output. It does however significantly enhance roadworthiness and comfort by offering better lighting, better function of side indicators and horn and, compared with the aging stock systems, increased reliability. As our system does not tamper with engine characteristics it does not increase emission of gaseous pollutants and noise. In most cases emission of pollutants should even be reduced due to better combustion. If used as designated the system therefore will not normally infringe the existing legal status of the motorcycle (this statement is valid for Germany, for other countries, please check locally against your road licensing regulations). This system is not suitable for use in competition events. If used other than the designated way, warranty will be voided and it might well be that you do not obtain the desired results or, worst you loose legal



roadworthiness. The charging system is only suitable for use with rechargable 12V (6V systems 6V) lead-acid batteries with liquide electrolyte or sealed lead-acid batteries, AGM, Gel. It is not suitable for use with nickel-cadmium, nickel-metal-hydride, lithium-ion or any other types of recharchable or non rechargable batteries. This is a replacement system and not a copy of the stock **material**. The parts in this system therefore look different and might fit differently (notably ignition coil and regulator) requiring some adaptation by you. During assembly imperatively start with assy of engine based parts to see that those really fit before you start fitting the external parts. In many cases customers assemble those first and thereby often modify them in breach of warranty which renders them unfit for renewed sale. Replacing old ignition systems is not a matter of taking something from a supermarket shelf as there have been very many types, versions and possibly unknown aftermarket modifications which harbour plenty of room for error. Our systems are NOT tested for use with third party electronic devices (such as GPS, mobile phones, LED lighting etc)and may cause damage to such parts. Possibly existing electronic tachometers will not work with the new system. Read our information for suitable solutions. Possibly existing safety switches and electronic valve controls are not supported. It might be that your motorcycle was originally equipped with an ignition that did limit top speed for legal reasons. The new system does not have such a facility, so check your legal situation beforehand. If you have no expertise for the installation have it done by an expert or at a specialist's workshop. Improper installation may damage the new system and your motorcycle, possibly even lead to bodily harm. Before you order a system, please check whether a puller tool for the new rotor is included in the kit. If not, better order it at the same time. You might want to order light <u>bulbs</u>, <u>fuse</u>, horn, flasher unit etc. Never use anything other than the recommended puller tool to pull the new rotor again. Damage to the rotor as a result of use of other tools or methods is not covered by warranty. The rotor is sensible to blows (including during transport). Before assembly, please always check for damage (on rotor without magnet plastification try to push the magnets aside with your

|            | fingers). After impact the glued in magnets might have broken<br>loose, sticking to the rotor solely by magnetic force, so that one<br>does not notice right away. During engine run the damage would<br>be considerable. Before placing the rotor onto the engine, please<br>make sure that its magnets have not collected any metal objects<br>such as small screws, nuts and washers. That equally would lead |
|------------|--|
| 🛑 Internet | to severe damage.<br>If you have access to the Internet, best view those instructions<br>online. You get larger and better pictures by clicking onto them<br>and possibly updated information. System list at<br><u>http://www.powerdynamo.biz</u>   |



### You should have received those parts:

- pre-assembled stator unit
- rotor
- ignition coil / ht-cable
- regulator/rectifier
- relay with cables
- bits & pieces

Don't worry about the rotor's arrow pointing in clockwise direction. This system is designed for anti-clockwise rotation.

To disengage the new rotor again, you will need a puller M27x1,25 (part-no.: 99 99 799 00 -**Not provided!-**).

**Note:** Never use a claw puller, a hammer or any other device, that will shake the magnets off.

Make sure your NSU rests securely, preferably on an elevated work bench and that you have good access to the dynamo side of the engine.

Disconnect your battery and take it out of the motorcycle. Note that you will install a 12 volts system, so you will either need a 12 volt battery or you use the <u>option of driving</u> <u>without a battery</u>. You will still have to replace all lightbulbs to 12 volt ones. The horn may stay at 6 volts.







Disconnect all cables running from your old dynamo system and remove the system.

Take the woodruff key from the crank. You will not need it any more. Please do not forget to do so, otherwise you will have trouble later on in the assembly. (Remark: This woodruff key does not actually hold your rotor on the shaft, this is done by the cone. it simply guides to the correct setting which will now be otherwise achieved.)



Take a look at the new stator unit. Here you will find a red ignition marking.

Take the pre-assembled holderplate for the cover off the new generator and place the unit onto the engine housing. Same way the original system had been. Fix it with the 2 screws M8 (and the washers).

Set the screws at middle position to get room for changing ignition.



Have a look at the new rotor. You will find on its circumference a small pressed-in line. This is an ignition marking too. It is durable, but not well visible, so better highlighten it with some marker pen.

Take the spark plug out and bring the piston into TDC position. As this is difficult to do with the kick lever, place the new rotor onto the crankshaft (do not screw it down) and use it as a handle to turn the crank. Screw in the puller a little, that gives you more hold on the rotor.

Then turn the rotor clockwise until the piston has dropped at point of maximal advance. This might be 2-2.5mm BTDC.



Take the rotor carefully off again without changing the crank's position. Reset it onto the crank in such a way that the marking on the rotor aligns with the marking on the stator unit. In that position fasten the rotor carefully with the screw M8x50. If there is any change in the crank's position, you have to start again (the ignition timing is incorrect). Please don't forget to use the washer.

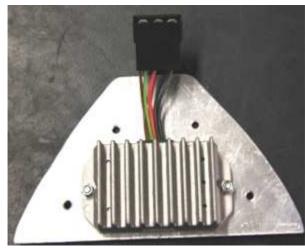
Now ignition is timed. Theoretical you can adjust that in any required position, you have only to turn the rotor (without changing the crank shaft position). For fine adjustment you can turn the complete generator within the oblong holes of the stator base plate (as with the original system).

Relocate the spark plug to the cylinder.



Place the holder plate for the cover, which you had taken off at the start, back. The plate rests on the 2 spacer tubes and is fixed with the 2 screws M8x60 on the base.

Attach the new electronic regulator/rectifier may be using a self-made holder plate (Photo shows similar engine!)





... at the rear frame above the mudguard. (Photo shows similar engine!)



The easiest way of hiding the new ignition coil is at the frame beneath the tank by using two clamps.

(Photo shows similar engine!)





You may position the parts at every other convenient place, e.g. inside an <u>empty battery case</u>.

Connect the parts as shown in the respective wiring diagram! For our <u>standard DC regulator (95 22 699 06)</u>, use the <u>wiring diagram 71ir12</u>: For our <u>DC regulator with built in smooting condenser (73 00 799 50)</u>, use additional the wiring diagram reg\_102:

To facilitate wire exit through the often small openings in the engine casing, the plastic plug of
 the generator's wiring that leads to the ignition coil have not been put onto the wire terminal.
 You should place the plug there only once all has been properly installed on the engine side.





Look for the ignition coil with its female plug and the two wires (red and white).

Put the provided 2-position plug housing onto this plug and insert the two wires (red and white) from the generator. Make sure that the terminals engage securely in the housing and that you connect:

- white to white
- red to red

Should you need (or want) to get the terminals out of the plug housing again, enter a paper clip from front next to the terminals and push the little barb aside. Than pull the wire out.

The brown wire from the new generator with the round eye terminal has to be screwed directly to the holder frame of the ignition coil (ground).

<u>Take note! disrespecting this is the most frequent cause for ignition problems !</u>! Without this <u>direct</u> connection the system does not work or not work for long without problems. Please do not rely on the frame for ground. Paint, oil and dirt often prevent good contact!

**Connecting VAPE alternator to lighting circuit (via regulator):** 



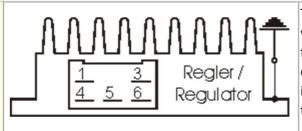
The 2 black wires running from the stator coil carry the voltage for lights, horn, flashers etc. They have nothing to do with ignition.

This voltage (something between 10 and 50 volts AC) has however to be stabilized (regulated) and for most uses rectified into direct current (DC) as it primarily is alternating current (AC).

For this we offer 2 different regulators:

Attention: Any confusion between plus and minus (with the DC versions) leads to immediate destruction of the regulator. This will not constitute a warranty case as it is negligence! One can recognize a burnt regulator mostly by its sharp smell.

Regulator type 1: with standard DC regulator (95 22 699 06), use the wiring diagram 71ir12:



The two black cables leading from the generator

\*

The new regulator/rectifier has a compact plug with 6 positions, of which <u>one</u> is not used. A female plug cover fitting to this plug is delivered. Into this female plug you have to insert the following wires (which have terminals that snap into the plug):

... connect to pins 1/4 of the new regulator (from there equally black wires lead inside

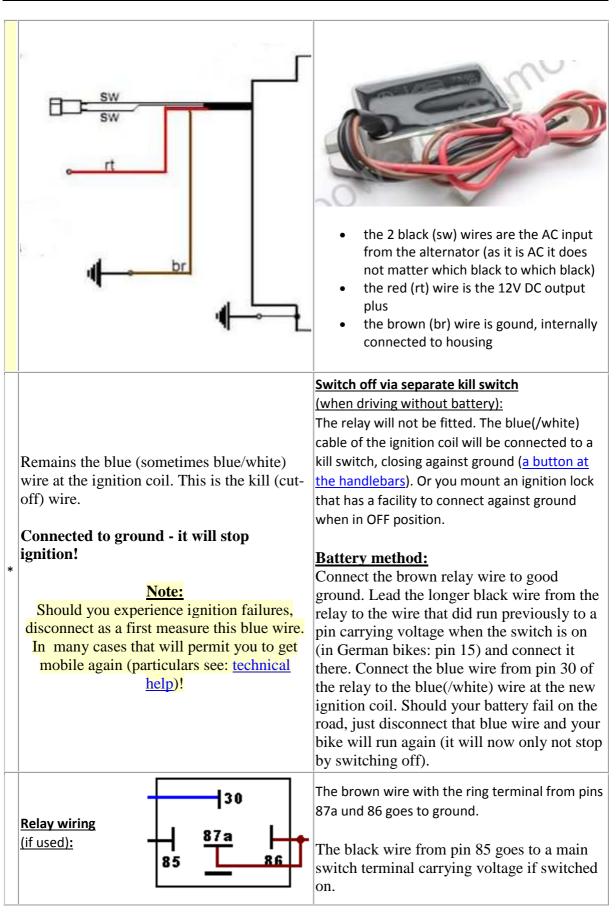


|  |   | the unit). It does not matter which wire<br>connects to which of the both terminals (1/4)<br>as they carry alternating current.   |  |
|--|---|---|--|
|  | The new brown cable with the round eye terminal   | connects pin 3 of the regulator unit (from<br>there equally a brown wire goes inside the<br>unit) with the negative pole of the battery or<br>(in case you drive without battery) to ground<br>(chassis).   |  |
|  | The new red cable with the round eye<br>terminal<br>Take care:<br>Wrong polarity will damage the electronics! | connects to pin 5 of the new regulator<br>(from there equally a red wire goes inside<br>the unit). Here your regulated positive<br>voltage comes out to connect to battery plus,<br>or (in case you drive without battery) to the<br>voltage input terminal of the main switch<br>(ignition lock, German bikes: pin 51/30).   |  |
| Make sure that you have a <b>15A-fuse</b> between battery and vehicle circuitry. |   |   |  |
|  | The green/red wire at pin 6 of the new regulator  | <ul> <li> is for the battery charge indicator (so your bike has one). You connect there the wire that formerly did run from the indicator light to the original regulator. Should your bike not have had such an indicator bulb, just keep this wire unused.</li> <li>Sure that this control only functions with a battery present. Should you drive without battery but still connect the wire, you will see that the light glows a little even as the generator generates voltage. So without battery, do not connect it. More information on the charge indicator function see here</li> </ul> |  |

The battery charge indicator function is based on a transistor switch and is an additional function. Even if that should fail, the regulator might still be in ok working condition. Simple check: have the engine running, turn lights on, disconnect the battery. If you have bright lights the unit is ok.

\* Regulator type 2: with DC regulator with built in smooting condenser (73 00 799 50), use additional the wiring diagram reg\_102:







| 6                          |   |   |  |
|----------------------------|---|---|--|
|                            | crew the high tension (ignition) cable<br>Please <u>do not use</u> any spark amplifying<br>ables, such as "Nology supercables" or "hot<br>wire". This will disturb the system and<br>possibly damage it.  | into the ignition coil and pull over the rubber<br>seal before mounting the coil (it will be easier).<br>Please do use the cable arriving with the<br>pack and not any old cable. |  |
| (p<br>gc<br><u>D</u><br>cc | ou will do yourself a favour to treat your bike to<br>preferably some between 0-2kOhm). Plenty of p<br>bod" (even completely "brand-new") sparks plug<br><u>o not use</u> spark plugs with an internal suppressing<br>oded with an "R" (for resistor) together with a sub<br>carting will be more difficult due to the high resi  | roblems are to be traced back to "apparently<br>gs, terminals and cables.<br>on resistor. NGK (e.g.) offered such spark plugs<br>upressor cap also with internal resistance.      |  |
| ch<br>ar<br>Sl             | inally - <b>and before installing the battery a</b> theck carefully all connections and fitments and light bulbs for correct voltage (12V).<br>hould something not work, please consult outs a first step disconnect the blue wire from t   | gainst the wiring diagram. Do check battery<br>ar <u>trouble-shooting guide</u> on our homepage.  |  |
| <u>IN</u><br>re<br>de      | no shaft is often machined and gets shorter. The<br>ow with its rivets the stator coil. The result is a<br><u>re</u> .  |   |  |
|                            | Important safety and operating information  | tion  |  |
| #                          | Safety first! Please observe the general health and safety regulations motor vehicle repair<br>(MVR) as well as the safety information and obligations indicated by the manufacturer of<br>your motorcycle.<br>The timing marks on the material are for general guidance only during first installation.<br>Please check after assembly by suitable means (stroboscope) that settings are correct to<br>prevent damage to the engine or possibly even your health. You alone are responsible for<br>the installation and the correctness of settings. |   |  |
| #                          | Ignition systems generate high tension! With c<br>if handled carelessly, not only be painful, but c<br>distance to the electrode of your spark plug ar<br>to test spark firing, hold the spark plug socket<br>and push it firmly to solid ground of the engine<br>Never pull sparkplug caps when engine is runn<br>standstill and ignition off.   | nd open high tension cables. Should you need securely with some well insulating material e block.   |  |
|                            | Should you have received in the kit HT cables v   |   |  |



After installation, please check tightness of all screws, even those preinstalled. If parts get loose during run, there will be inevitably damage to the material. We pre-assemble screws only loosely. Give the newly installed system a chance to work, before you start to check and test values, or what is worse apply changes to it. Our parts have been checked before delivery to you. You will not be able to check much anyway. At any rate do refrain from measuring the electronic components (such as ignition coil, regulator and advance unit). You risk severe damage to the inner electronics there. You will not get any tangible results from the operation anyway. Bear in mind that also your carburetor, your spark plugs and spark plug sockets (even if completely new) might be the reason for malfunction. The general experience with our systems is that the carburetor will have to be re-adjusted to lower settings. Should the system not start after assembly, first disconnect the blue (or blue/white) cut-off wire directly at the ignition coil (or in some cases advance unit) to eliminate any malfunction in the cut-off circuitry. Check ground connections carefully, make sure there is a good electrical connection between frame and engine block. In case of troubles, please consult our Knowledge Base first before you send off the material to us for checking The spark of classic, points based ignition systems has with about 10,000 Volts comparatively little energy and looks therefore yellow and fat (which however makes it highly visible). The spark from our system is a high energy spark with up to 40,000 Volts and therefore is needle thin focused in form, and blue in colour, which makes it # not so visible. Furthermore you get spark only at kick-start operated speeds and not by pushing the kick-lever down slowly with your hand (as you might get with battery based ignitions). Systems using a twin outlet ignition coils have a few peculiarities. Please observe that during tests on one side, the other has either to be connected to an fitted spark plug or securely # earthed/grounded. Otherwise there will be no spark on either side. Also with such open exits long and dangerous sparks may fly all over the coil. Never do electric arc welding on the bike without completely disconnecting all parts containing semiconductors (ignition coil, regulator, advance) stator and rotor need not be # taken off. The same is true for soldering. Before touching electronics disconnect the soldering iron from mains! Never use copper putty on spark plugs. Electronics are very sensitive to wrong polarity. After work on the system, do check correct polarity of the battery and the regulator. Wrong polarity creates short circuits and will destroy the regulator, the ignition coil and the advance unit. As a rule, wiring will always be # colour to colour. Instances, where colour jumps between wires are expressly mentioned in our instructions. When you handle the new rotor, take care not to damage its magnets. Refrain from direct blows to the circumference of the rotor. When transporting never put the rotor over the # stator. Observe our information relative to transport of the material.



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Do not use spark plug sockets with a resistance of more than 5kOhm. Better use 1 or 2kOhm ones. Bear in mind that spark plug sockets do age and thereby increase their internal resistance. Should an engine start up only when cold, a defective spark plug socket and/or spark plug is very probably the cause. In case of problems check high tension cables too. Never use carbon fibre HT-cables, never use so called "hot wires" which promise to increase spark.

 $_{\#}$  It is a good idea to cover the rotor in a thin layer of oil to reduce the risk of corrosion.

# Never use a claw puller or a hammer to disengage the rotor. Its magnets might become
loose in the event. We offer a special puller for disengaging the new rotor again (see
assembly instruction)!

Should the motorcycle not be in use for some longer period, please disconnect the battery (so existing) to prevent current bleeding through the diodes of the regulator. Though, even a disconnected battery will empty itself after a while.

Please do observe these remarks, but at the same time, don't be afraid of the installation process. Remember, that before you, thousands of other customers have successfully installed the surface.

# installed the system.

Enjoy driving your bike with its new electric heart!

