



System 72 78 999 00 => <u>€/\$</u> generator/electronic ignition for <u>Moto Morini Corsaro 125/150 (4 and 5 speed)</u> ATTENTION!!!

System 72 78 999 00 fits only for engines with smaller crankshaft (approx. 14mm diameter) and flywheel integrated points

System 70 76 999 00 fits only for engines with bigger crankshaft (approx. 17mm diameter) and points at left side of the engine!



advantage over original system

Magnet based generator with integrated ignition. Replaces complete original 6 volts <u>Dansi Magdynamo</u>, inluding <u>advance unit (govenor) points</u> and ignition coil. Output at 12V/100W DC. Solid state ignition with own power supply from within the system and electronic advance unit giving the same advance characteristics as the original system. Does not require changes on crankcase.

You may <u>drive without battery</u>, if you want.

- all parts are new
- more light output
- very stable ignition with solid spark
- better starting, better fuel burning
- no wear anymore on points
- no worry anymore over centrifugal govenor
- assembly instructions
- wiring diagram
- parts in the pack (photo)
- the system is for this engine
- it replaces this dynamo and those ignition parts
- engine block with the system
- view at new stator
- <u>rotor fixed</u>

documentation

photos



Assembly instructions for <u>System 70 76 999 00 and for System 72</u> 78 999 00

Version 19. 10. 2007

If you can install and time a stock ignition and possess basic mechanical skills, you can install a VAPE system!

If you never have worked on your ignition, better have it done by someone who knows.

VAPE can not monitor the compliance to those instructions, nor the conditions and methods of installation, operation, usage and maintenance of the system. Improper installation may result in damage to property and possibly even bodily injury. Therefore we assume no responsibility for loss, damage or cost which result from, or are in any way related to, incorrect installation, improper operation, or incorrect use and maintenance. We reserve the right to make changes to the product, technical data or assembly and operating instructions without prior notice.

Please read these instructions fully and carefully before starting work on your motorcycle Please bear in mind that any modification of the material as well as own repair attempts which have not been agreed with VAPE may result in a loss of warranty. Do not cut off wires. This leads to a loss of reverse polarity protection and often results in damage to electronics. Also, please take note of the information provided on the information page for this system. Check that what you have bought really corresponds to the motorcycle you have. Wrong ignition settings may damage your engine and even hurt you during kickstart (violent kickbacks). Be careful during the first test runs. If needed change settings to safer values (less advance). During assembly check carefully that the rotor (flywheel) does not touch the stator coils or anything else, which may happen due to various circumstances and lead to severe damage. Designated use This system is designated to replace stock dynamo/alternator & ignition systems in vintage and classic motorcycles whose engine **IMPORTANT:**

This system is designated to replace stock dynamo/alternator & ignition systems in vintage and classic motorcycles <u>whose engine</u> <u>characteristics have not been modified aftermarket</u>. This system is not a tuning system and it will not bring significant increases in engine output. It does however significantly enhance roadworthiness and comfort by offering better lighting, better function of side indicators and horn and, compared with the aging stock systems, increased reliability. As our system does not tamper with engine characteristics it does not increase emission of gaseous pollutants and noise. In most cases emission of pollutants should even be reduced due to better combustion. If used as designated the system therefore will not normally infringe the existing legal status of the motorcycle (this statement is valid for Germany, for other countries, please check locally against your road licensing regulations). This system is not suitable for use in competition events. If used other than the designated way, warranty will be voided and it might well be that you do not



obtain the desired results or, worst you loose legal
roadworthiness.
The charging system is only suitable for use with rechargable
12V (6V systems 6V) lead-acid batteries with liquide electrolyte
or sealed lead-acid batteries, AGM, Gel. <u>It is not suitable for use</u>
with nickel-cadmium, nickel-metal-hydride, lithium-ion or any
other types of recharchable or non rechargable batteries.
This is a replacement system and not a copy of the stock
material. The parts in this system therefore look different
and might fit differently (notably ignition coil and regulator)
requiring some adaptation by you.
During assembly imperatively start with assy of engine based
parts to see that those really fit before you start fitting the
external parts. In many cases customers assemble those first and
thereby often modify them in breach of warranty which renders
them unfit for renewed sale. <u>Replacing old ignition systems is not</u>
a matter of taking something from a supermarket shelf as there
have been very many types, versions and possibly unknown
aftermarket modifications which harbour plenty of room for
error.
Our systems are NOT tested for use with third party electronic
devices (such as GPS, mobile phones, LED lighting etc)and may
cause damage to such parts. Possibly existing electronic
tachometers will not work with the new system. Read our
information for suitable solutions. Possibly existing safety
switches and electronic valve controls are not supported. It might
be that your motorcycle was originally equipped with an ignition
that did limit top speed for legal reasons. The new system does
not have such a facility, so check your legal situation beforehand.
If you have no expertise for the installation have it done by an
expert or at a specialist's workshop. Improper installation may
damage the new system and your motorcycle, possibly even lead
to bodily harm.
Before you order a system, please check whether a <u>puller tool</u> for
the new rotor is included in the kit. If not, better order it at the
same time. You might want to order light <u>bulbs</u> , <u>fuse</u> , horn,
<u>flasher unit</u> etc.
Never use anything other than the recommended puller tool to
pull the new rotor again. Damage to the rotor as a result of use of
other tools or methods is not covered by warranty.
The veter is sensible to blow final disc design (1) D. (
The rotor is sensible to blows (including during transport). Before
assembly, please always check for damage (on rotor without



	magnet plastification try to push the magnets aside with your fingers). After impact the glued in magnets might have broken loose, sticking to the rotor solely by magnetic force, so that one does not notice right away. During engine run the damage would be considerable. Before placing the rotor onto the engine, please make sure that its magnets have not collected any metal objects such as small screws, nuts and washers. That equally would lead to severe damage.
📫 Internet	If you have access to the Internet, best view those instructions online. You get larger and better pictures by clicking onto them and possibly updated information. System list at http://www.powerdynamo.biz



To pull the new rotor again, you need a puller M27x1,25 (part 99 99 799 00).

Note: never use a claw puller, a hammer or any other device, that will shake the magnets off.



You should have received those parts:

- preassembled stator unit
- rotor
- ignition coil and high tension cable
- advance unit (black box)
- regulator/rectifier
- wires: blue, red, brown
- div. screws and wire binders

Make sure your bike rests securely on her stand, preferably on an elevated work bench and that you have good access to the generator side of the engine.

Disconnect your battery and take it out of the motorcycle. Note that you will install a 12 volts system, so you will either need a 12 volt battery or you use the <u>option of</u> <u>driving without battery</u>. If there are bullseye indicator at your bike, you have to installate a <u>electrolyt capacitor</u> (min. 20.000μ F/16V) for smoothing the pulsing voltage instead of the battery. It might be that your local road traffic regulations demand the existence of a parking light facility (and hence battery). You will still have to replace all lightbulbs to 12 volt ones. The horn may stay at 6 volts.





Take off the cover of the generator. Then take the old dynamo and the ignition coil off.

Remove the woodruff key from the crank. You will not need it any more. Please do not forget to do so, otherwise you will have trouble later on in the assembly. (Remark: This woodruff key does not actually hold your rotor on the shaft, this is done by the cone. It simply guides to the correct setting which will now be otherwise achieved.)



Have a look at the base plate of the new stator. Near the larger black coil you will find a red marking (highlightened here by a circle). This is an ignition marking.

Note:

Should you remove the stator completely from its base, take a note of its position there. A changed position would need an ignition mark shifted by 120°.



Have a look at the new rotor. You will find on its circumference a small pressed in line. That is an ignition marking as well. It is durable, but not well visible, so better highlighten it with some marker pen.





Take the 3 hex screws off and lift the stator a little from its base to gain access to the holder screws below. Take care not to damage the paint insulation of the stator coil.

You have to put the ground plate (with the loosely hanging stator) instead of the original generator onto the crank case in that way, that the red ignition marking sits close to the right edge of the upper mounting elevation and screw it down. After putting on the rotor you can't see the marking but the elevation.

ATTENTION, important: Before you screw down the ground plate, pull the cable as far as possible (carefully and cautiously) outwards. There are sharp edges, that should damage the cables. Try to pull (from the outside) and push (from the inner) the cables simultaneously. Take care not to skin the cables - the insulation should reach close to the coil. If leaves to many cable inside the generator casing, is there a danger to fitting the stator lopsided and/or jam cables. This procedure is the most complicatest of the whole installation. Damages at this point are difficult to recognise and should lead to malfunctions of the system. That means: Take care!



Put the stator coil back onto the plate. The stator has to snap in rather sharply. If it sets soft, you have probably jammed a wire underneath!

Make sure that the inner opening of the stator unit slots evenly over the elevated fixing rim of the base plate - otherwise the coil will sit lopsided and will touch the rotor, damaging it.

Note:

Should you remove the stator completely from its base, take a note of its position there. A changed position would need an ignition mark shifted by 120°.

Take the spark plug out and bring the piston into top dead center position (TDC), that is the highest point the piston should reach. As this is difficult to do with the kick lever, place the new rotor onto the crankshaft (do not screw it down) and use it as a handle to turn the crank.





Once TDC has been found, carefully disengage the rotor again without moving the crank shaft's position from TDC. Than place it back in such a way, that the marking on the rotor aligns with the marking on the base, as shown here.



Fasten the rotor carefully with the screw. Make sure not to modify the crank shaft position during the operation, otherwise you have to redo the whole procedure.

Put the spark plug back.

It could be, you have to modify the ignition advance a little. The marking at the rotor would be an attitude, which should start the motor, but it wouldn't be the optimum. Different Morini versions require different adjustments.

If you want to change the point of ignition, you have to:

- screw in the puller tool and loose the black rotor (it have to sit loosely on the crank shaft),
- turn the rotor in the required angle (without changing the crank shaft's position) and press it back on the crank shaft and fasten it. Turning the rotor clockwise will effect more and anti-clockwise less advance ignition.

Now you have to mount the extern parts (say ignition coil, regulator and advance unit) at most few visible at your bike.





The new ignition coil will be conveniently hidden at the frame underneath the tank.

(photo shows similar bike)



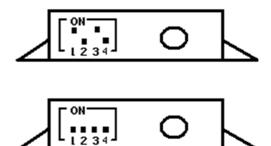
The regulatopr/rectifier and the advance unit will be mounted functionally at the rear mudguard or maybe in the side case.

(photo shows similar bike)

Takle a look at the little blue switching block of the advance unit. There are 4 little switches for choosing different advance curves.

This one (see right) is the best setting for the Morini. Starts at 4°, holding this until shortly after idle speed, maximize linear until 34° at 2.500rpm and then 38° at 3.500rpm.

Alternately this one (see right): Starts at 9°, holding this until shortly after idle speed and maximize linear until 38° at 3.000rpm.

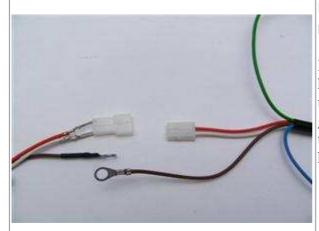


Connect the parts as shown in the wiring diagram 91ik_102!

To facilitate wire exit through the often small openings in the engine casing, the plastic plug of the generator's wiring that leads to the advance unit has not been put onto the wire



terminal. You should place the plug there only once all has been properly installed on the engine side.



Look for the advance unit with its female plug and the two wires (red and white).

Put the provided 2-position plug housing onto this plug and insert the two wires (red and white) from the generator. Make sure that the terminals engage securely in the housing and that you connect:

- white to white
- red to red

Should you need (or want) to get the terminals out of the plug housing again, enter a paper clip from front next to the terminals and push the little barb aside. Than pull the wire out.

*	The brown wires from the new generator and the advance unit with the round eye terminals	have to be screwed to the holder frame of the ignition coil (ground). This connection is very important. Please do not rely on the frame as <i>the</i> earth- connection. Paint, oil and dirt prevent often a good contact!
	advance unit	is the output of the to the ignition coil and gets connected to the single male terminal there.

Important! Avoid prolongation of the green wire between advance unit and ignition coil. <u>This may lead to ignition trouble.</u>

* Never run the high tension cable and the cables from the generator to the advance and/or the grey wire from the advance to the ignition coil closely in parallel (say in one shielding). This will trigger back coupling that disturbes ignition and might even damage the advance unit.

		Connected to ground - it will stop ignition!
	The blue/white wire at the advance unit. This is the kill (cut-off) wire.	This type of wiring is used in motorcycles which originally already
*	Note:	had magneto ignition and therefore
	Should you experience ignition failures,	switch off by shortcircuiting against ground.
	disconnect as a first measure this blue wire.	ground.
	In many cases that will permit you to get	Those vehicles have by design a main
	mobile again (particulars see: <u>technical help</u>)!	lock (or some kill switch) that
		connects a pin to ground when in OFF
		position (German bikes: pin 2). The



blue/white wire of the ignition coil will be connected here. In that way the cut-off works as before.

* Connecting VAPE alternator to lighting circuit (via regulator):

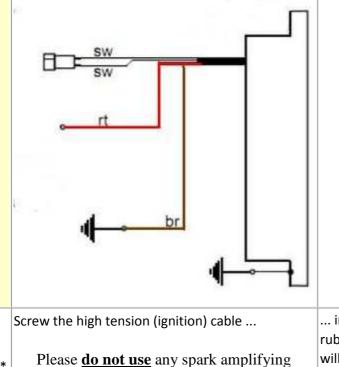


The 2 black wires running from the stator coil carry the voltage for lights, horn, flashers etc. They have nothing to do with ignition.

This voltage (something between 10 and 50 volts AC depending on engine speed) has however to be stabilized (regulated) and rectified into direct current (DC).

Attention: Any confusion between plus and minus leads to immediate destruction of the regulator. This will not constitute a warranty case as it is negligence! One can recognize a burnt regulator in most cases by its sharp burnt smell.

The regulator of this system: has a inbuilt smooting condenser which enables full function of flashers and horn with or without a battery present:



cables, such as "Nology supercables" or "hot wire". This will disturb the system and

possibly damage it.

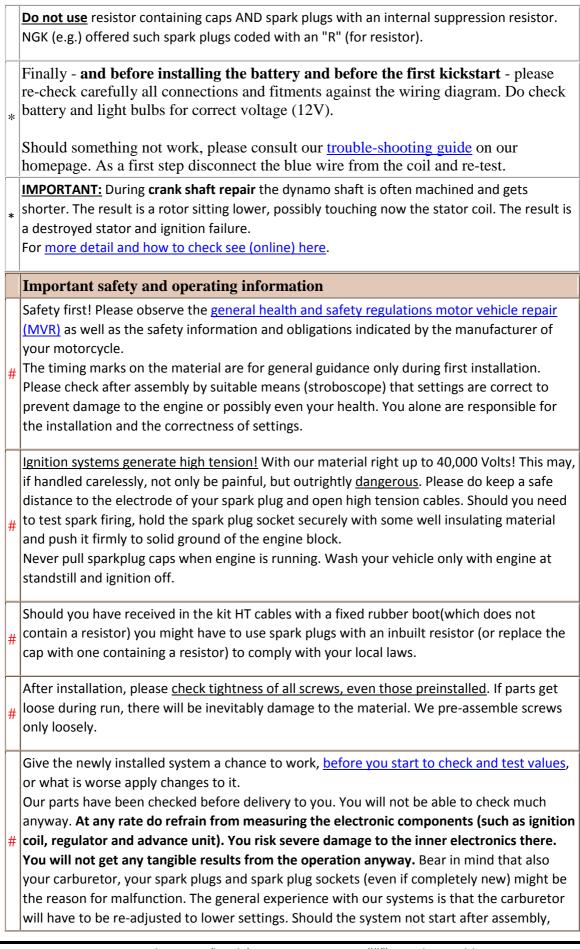
- the 2 black (sw) wires are the AC input from the alternator (as it is AC it does not matter which black to which black)
- the red (rt) wire is the positive (plus) 12V DC output
- the brown (br) wire is the negative (minus) gound, internally connected to the regulator housing

... into the ignition coil and pull over the rubber seal before mounting the coil (it will be easier).

Please do use the cable arriving with the pack and not any old cable.

You will do yourself a favour to treat your bike to a new spark plug and spark plug socket (preferably some between 0-2kOhm). Plenty of problems are to be traced back to "apparently good" (even completely "brand-new") sparks plugs, terminals and cables.







first disconnect the blue (or blue/white) cut-off wire directly at the ignition coil (or in some cases advance unit) to eliminate any malfunction in the cut-off circuitry. Check ground connections carefully, make sure there is a good electrical connection between frame and engine block.

In case of troubles, please consult our <u>Knowledge Base</u> first before you send off the material to us for checking

#	The spark of classic, points based ignition systems has with about 10,000 Volts comparatively little energy and looks therefore yellow and fat (which however makes it highly visible). The spark from our system is a high energy spark with up to 40,000 Volts and therefore is needle thin focused in form, and blue in colour, which makes it not so visible. Furthermore you get spark only at kick-start operated speeds and not by pushing the kick-lever down slowly with your hand (as you might get with battery based ignitions).
#	Systems using a twin outlet ignition coils have a few peculiarities. Please observe that during tests on one side, the other has either to be connected to an fitted spark plug or securely earthed/grounded. Otherwise there will be no spark on either side. Also with such open exits long and dangerous sparks may fly all over the coil.
#	Never do electric arc welding on the bike without completely disconnecting all parts containing semiconductors (ignition coil, regulator, advance) stator and rotor need not be taken off. The same is true for soldering. Before touching electronics disconnect the soldering iron from mains! <u>Never use copper putty on spark plugs.</u>
#	Electronics are very sensitive to wrong polarity. After work on the system, do check correct polarity of the battery and the regulator. Wrong polarity creates short circuits and will destroy the regulator, the ignition coil and the advance unit. As a rule, wiring will always be colour to colour. Instances, where colour jumps between wires are expressly mentioned in our instructions.
#	When you handle the new rotor, take care not to damage its magnets. Refrain from direct blows to the circumference of the rotor. When transporting never put the rotor over the stator. Observe our information relative to transport of the material.
#	Do not use spark plug sockets with a resistance of more than 5kOhm. Better use 1 or 2kOhm ones. Bear in mind that spark plug sockets do age and thereby increase their internal resistance. Should an engine start up only when cold, a defective spark plug socket and/or spark plug is very probably the cause. In case of problems check high tension cables too. Never use carbon fibre HT-cables, never use so called "hot wires" which promise to increase spark.
#	It is a good idea to cover the rotor in a thin layer of oil to reduce the risk of corrosion.
#	Never use a claw puller or a hammer to disengage the rotor. Its magnets might become loose in the event. We offer a special puller for disengaging the new rotor again (see assembly instruction)!



#

Should the motorcycle not be in use for some longer period, please disconnect the battery
(so existing) to prevent current bleeding through the diodes of the regulator. Though, even a disconnected battery will empty itself after a while.

Please do observe these remarks, but at the same time, don't be afraid of the installation process. Remember, that before you, thousands of other customers have successfully installed the system.

Enjoy driving your bike with its new electric heart!

